## 1. Barriers to future attainment (for pupils eligible for PP)

**In-school barriers** (issues to be addressed in school, such as poor literacy skills)

### A. Literacy Skills:

Ability profiles for 2018-19:

Number of PP pupils entering Yr7 below national expectation (>95 SAS in Reading)

Yr7: 5 out of 22 pupils Yr8: 5 out of 26 pupils

Yr9: 5, plus 2 'B' = 7 out of 19 pupils

Number of pupils entering Yr7 below Level 4

Yr10: 3 out of 26 pupils Yr11: 6 out of 29 pupils

#### B. Numeracy skills:

Ability profiles for 2018-19:

Number entering Yr7 below national expectation (>95 SAS)

Yr7: 1 out of 22 pupils Yr8: 2 out of 26 pupils Yr9: 3, plus 2 'B' = 5 pupils

Number of pupils entering Yr7 below Level 4

Yr10: 3 out of 26 pupils Yr11: 8 out of 29 pupils

Extern	nal barriers (issues which also require action outside school, such as low attendance rates)
C.	Attendance: Attendance rates for pupils eligible for PP are below that of all pupils. This reduces their school hours and causes them to fall behind on. Below are last year's attendance rates for PP (2017-18). The attendance for Disadvantaged pupils, as a whole was <b>94.45%.</b> The overall attendance rate for all pupils was <b>96.2</b> %. Attendance for disadvantaged within each year group:
	<ul> <li>Year 7: 96.11%</li> <li>Year 8: 94.86%</li> <li>Year 9: 91.89%</li> <li>Year 10: 94.93%</li> <li>Year 11: 93.92%</li> </ul>
D.	Curriculum The 2018-19 curriculum model will focus around a suite of pathways, whereby students are assigned to one of three routes, appropriate to their abilities and needs. Through the process of assigning students to pathways, the PP cohort are a particular focus. The aim is to ensure that PP students are in no way placed at a disadvantage, relative to their peers. This year, all students will have a meeting with a member of the Senior Leadership Team to ensure that the right suite of subjects are chosen to maximise their options beyond PGHS. The PP cohort will be a key priority group.
E.	Low aspirations / lack of aspirations  A small number of KS4 pupils, in particular, have either low aspirations or no clear idea of what they want to do when they leave Year 11. To address this, PP students receive targeted advice, guidance and support from our Careers Advisor, Vic Ficorilli. They are assigned teacher mentors to provide further guidance and support. They have the support of the PP Champion, who works alongside the SLT member responsible for Careers and acts as an advocate for PP students, ensuring that they fulfil their potential and successfully transition to KS5.
F.	Lack of parental support / positive role models A small number of our pupils have difficult home circumstances. A direct result of this can be a lack of engagement with school by parents / carers. Impact on pupils can include poor attendance, unwillingness to complete homework and a lack of effort in school.
G.	Lack of opportunities  A small number of pupils do not have the breadth of educational / cultural experiences to enhance their learning and develop their social skills.  Narrow experience of life out of school.

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A small number of PP pupils join us part way through their secondary education and often have multiple barriers to their learning, including poor emotional wellbeing, gaps in prior learning and poor previous progress.

Transient PP pupils: Yr 7: 0 Yr8: 0 Yr9: 1 Yr10: 6 Yr11: 3 Total: 10

2. C	Desired outcomes (desired outcomes and how they will be measured)	Success criteria
A.	High levels of progress in literacy for all pupils eligible for PP	Years 7-9 all groups:  All pupils eligible for PP make at least expected progress by achieving their progress targets in English. At least 25% exceed expected progress. This will mainly be evidenced through English written assessments (at least 6 per year)
		<ul> <li>Year 7 AL (Accelerated Learning), GS (Group Support) and BC(Breakfast Club):</li> <li>Progress will be tracked and monitored through</li> <li>Accelerated Reader Star Tests (Tracked termly)</li> <li>IDL programme: Termly tracking of reading ages and spelling ages</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Years 8-9 AL (Accelerated Learning), GS (Group Support) and BC(Breakfast Club):</li> <li>Progress will be tracked and monitored through</li> <li>Accelerated Reader Star Tests (Tracked termly)</li> <li>IDL programme: Termly tracking of reading ages and spelling ages</li> <li>English Entry Level (Step-Up) external accredited assessments (Twice per year)</li> </ul>
		Years 10 and 11: All pupils eligible for PP make at least expected progress in English towards their GCSE target, with at least 25% exceeding expectations.  At KS4, this will be evidenced through assessments in English

and Literature (at least 6 per year) and the final GCSE examinations.		
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B.	High levels of progress in numeracy for all pupils eligible for PP	Years 7-9 all groups:  All pupils eligible for PP make at least expected progress by achieving their progress targets in maths. At least 25% exceed expected progress. This will be evidenced mainly through Mathematics written assessments (A maximum of 6 per year)  Year 7 AL (Accelerated Learning)  Progress will be tracked and monitored through  Performance in Entry Levels components 1 and 2 internal assessments  Years 8-9 AL (Accelerated Learning)  Progress will be tracked and monitored through  Performance in Entry Levels components 1 and 2 external assessments  Years 10 and 11: All pupils eligible for PP make at least expected progress in maths towards their GCSE target, with at least 25% exceeding expectations. This will be evidenced mainly through Mathematics written assessments, Maths Study Plus and Menglish internal assessments (A maximum of 6 per year) and the final GCSE examinations  Year 10 Study Plus  At least 80% of pupils to achieve a level 3 in the Entry Level external Accreditation in the first 4 components.
C.	Increased attendance rates for pupils eligible for PP	Reduce the number of persistent absentees (PA) among pupils eligible for PP to 15% or below (2017-18: 19.7%) - National PA rate for <b>all</b> pupils 13.3%  Overall attendance among pupils eligible for PP improves from 94.45% to 96% in line with 'other' pupils.
D.	All PP students are placed on an ability-appropriate pathway that provides them with the qualifications and skills necessary to progress as far as their	100% of the 2018-19 cohort achieve in line with expectations and are able to embark upon their chosen programme of KS5 study.

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E.	All KS4 pupils have identified clear post-16 progression routes. These are in line with expectations based on prior attainment data.	In years 10 and 11 PP pupils have identified their progression route and are aware of what GCSE grades / qualifications they will need to achieve this. All Yr11 pupils are able to progress to their chosen next stage as a result of achieving or exceeding their target grades.	

F.	Increased engagement with parents, leading to pupils having increased rates of progress and higher attendance.	Increase in % of PP parents attending Parents' Evening – to an average of at least 75%.  PSP / SEN reviews, attendance panels, mentor meetings, behaviour contracts to be well attended - above 90%.  Other success criteria in relation to parents will be more qualitative.
G.	Increase in both the number of PP pupils achieving rewards in school and engagement with extra-curricular activities.	TARGET: % of pupils achieving the Silver Merit Award <i>at least</i> : 2018/19 Year 7 = 80% 2018/19 Year 8 = 70% 2018/19 Year 9 = 55% 2018/19 Year 10 = 30% The gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged students achieving the Silver Award not to exceed 10%. Increase in % of pupils attending extra-curricular visits: 74% of PP pupils were involved in an extra-curricular activity 2015-16, this increased to 79% in 2016-17 (Whole school average 76% 2016-17). At least 93% were involved inn at least 2 extra-curricular activities in 2017-18. We intend to keep PP participation rates above whole school average and aim to increase this to 95% 2018-19 (These figures do not include in-school clubs and activities). Data to be collected in the Summer Term via a new 'google forms' survey to ensure all participation is logged and recorded for a more detailed analysis of participation rates of disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged students.
Н.	Pupil Premium transients to perform in line with other pupils at PGHS.	All transient pupils eligible for PP make at least expected progress, with at least 25% exceeding expectations.

Planned expenditure	
Academic year	2017-18

1) Quality teaching for all

NFER research into the most effective ways to support disadvantaged pupils' achievement emphasises the importance of high quality teaching for all. Schools emphasis 'quality teaching first' and provide consistently high standards by setting expectations, monitoring performance and sharing best practice'

John Dunford's research on using the pupil premium effectively emphasises the importance of focusing relentlessly on the quality of teaching and learning. His research demonstrates that highly effective teaching disproportionately benefits disadvantaged pupils.

We endorse the view outlined in the 2013 Ofsted report on how schools are spending funding successfully that it is more important to ensure 'that all day-to-day teaching meets the needs of each learner, rather than relying on interventions to compensate teaching that is less than good.'

Desired outcome	Chosen action/	What is the evidence and	How will you ensure it is	Staff lead	When will you review
	support	rationale for this choice?	implemented well?		the implementation?
Improved attainment / progress across the curriculum for PP pupils, narrowing the gap with other pupils.	Continuation of GM related training through CPD sessions. Growth Mindset.	Whole school focus on raising aspirations / expectations amongst pupils, staff and parents based on Carol Dweck's evidence-based research that ability is not fixed. Prior attainment is not the sole indicator of future potential.	INSET delivered by SLEs. Based on findings for Dweck. INSET based on best practice. Routine monitoring of impact through: a) SLT weekly drop-ins b) Appraisal observations c) Termly work scrutinies d) Monitoring of new rewards system e) Pupil voice	SLT	Termly reviews – start of Spring Term / Summer Term
			f) Assessments results for each subject and data tracking		

Improved attainment /	Continuation of	EEF: Moderate impact for very	Training provided by SLE	JRA / SLT	Termly - Appraisal
progress across the	termly INSET	low cost based on extensive	who has attended Kagan		feedback.
curriculum for PP pupils, narrowing the gap with other pupils.	sessions on collaborative learning	research. Impact of collaborative approaches is consistently positive, but it does vary so important to get the detail right. Staff will be taught that structured approaches with well-designed tasks lead to the greatest learning gains. Evidence about the benefits of collaborative learning has been found consistently positive for over 40 years.	training.  Particular focus on monitoring of teaching (SLT drop-ins and appraisal observations) / work scrutinies.		Lesson observation analysis (SISRA Observe).  Drop-in feedback – Weekly agenda item at SLT.  Inset evaluations.

# 1) Quality teaching for all ctd...

Desired outcome	Chosen action/ support	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review the implementation?
Improved Communication Skills: The school's key priority again this year. In 2018-19 we will focus most of our	Series of INSET sessions for all staff on how to explicitly teach key academic vocabulary.	All teachers are teachers of communication.  Competency in communication is required to access the wider curriculum.	INSET delivered by specialist staff.  SLT drop-ins (including tutor times) and appraisal	Head Teacher SLT Literacy Coordinator	Termly reviews – Start of Spring / Summer Terms
work on Alex Quigley's work, 'Closing the Vocabulary Gap' and Averil Coxhead's research on the 'Academic Word List.  Key strategies from Quigley's work:  Pre-teaching vocabulary  Discussing the meaning of words  Grouping words	Research and Development Group established to research effective techniques for teaching the Academic Word List.  Tutor programme: Word roots, suffixes and prefixes.	<ul> <li>Key findings from Alex Quigley's work:</li> <li>Alongside socioeconomic factors, vocabulary is one of the significant factors proved relevant to children achieving Standard / Strong pass in maths and English.</li> <li>The % of words known in a text to ensure</li> </ul>	Routine monitoring of exercise books to ensure communication and academic vocabulary is explicitly taught and literacy code is applied when marking.  Discrete section on Communication on both SIP and DIPs.	HoDs	
Comparing words Finding precise		comprehension is 95%	Research and Development Group to trial effective strategies for promotion and		

definitions		understanding of academic	
Fostering 'word consciousness' inn our pupils (and staff)	Children with reading difficulties who were exposed to explicit vocabulary teaching benefitted 3 times as much as those who were not.	word list. To include visits to other schools to research best practice.  Explicit links to appraisal targets for 2018-19.	

Improved numeracy results: Years 7-11	Analysis of results on GCSE papers linked to numerical content – mainly Science, PE and geography.  Further CPD provided to subject staff in the above to ensure consistency of delivery with maths staff.  GG, PE and Science numerical content to be covered in Maths Study Plus / Menglish	All teachers are teachers of numeracy.  Competency in numeracy is required to access the wider curriculum.	Delivered by specialist staff.  SLT drop-ins and appraisal observations.  Routine monitoring of exercise books to ensure numeracy is explicitly taught and numeracy code is applied when marking.  Tracking data for Year 10 exam papers and Year 11 mocks show improvement in marks awarded for numerical content.	Lead Practitioner for maths (ESW)  HOD / subject teachers: Science, Geography, PE, Computer science.	Termly reviews – Start of Spring / Summer Terms
	Explore the possibility of cross-curricular GCSE intervention				

sessions (I.e.			
maths / science	ce)		
Numeracy			
explicitly taugl	nt in		
Year 9 Science			
SOW unit.			

#### 2) Targeted support (classroom based?)

Most of the strategies listed below have been used at PGHS as part of our day-to-day practice. All have had a demonstrable impact on the majority of our disadvantaged pupils. Most are based on two of the most effective ways of supporting disadvantaged pupils' achievement according to NFER research. These are:

- Meeting individual learning needs 'schools provide individual support for specific learning needs and group support for pupils with similar needs'
- Deploying staff effectively by using best teachers to work with pupils who need most support and training assistants to support pupils' learning using our best teachers to work with pupils who need the most support and training teaching assistants to support pupils' learning

The process for identifying pupils for additional intervention is data driven and responsive to on-going evidence though robust assessment systems.

We will ensure that we use achievement data frequently to check whether interventions or techniques are working and will make adjustments accordingly. We will avoid using data retrospectively to see if something HAD worked.

Desired outcome	Chosen action/	What is the evidence and	How will you ensure it is	Staff lead	When will you review
	support	rationale for this choice?	implemented well?		the implementation?
Improved literacy results for pupils in	Indirect Dyslexia Programme –	Programme has been in place for past 8 years with a very high	Group Support and Breakfast Club review.	BWA / SBE / SPA /CWO	Termly review and update.
years 7-9. Pupils selected for intervention:	Group Support Breakfast Club.	success rate. On average, reading / spelling age is improved by at least 1 year.	Group Support department meetings.		Calendared termly.
Yrs 7 and 8: entered below 90 KS2 SAT.			Catch-up report – Analysis of reading age data.		
Yrs 9: Below level 4 in English					
	Year 7 to 9 Form	Students are given the	Form time drop ins		Termly
Pupils with specific	time reading	opportunity to read for pleasure			
educational needs.	programme	weekly - EEF Reciprocal			All students participate
		Reading Programme suggests			in a Book Week quiz
At risk of not making		that at KS2 students benefit			
at least expected		from Active reading strategies,			

progress in English	the opportunity to read for
by the end of Y9	pleasure and the opportunity to
	read aloud.

Accelerated	EEF efficiency trial indicated that	Effective monitoring of Star	BWA / CWO /	Termly monitoring
Reader – Group	using AR with pupils who did not achieve a Level 4 at the end of	tests to ensure expected	SBE / SPA	reviews.
Support, Accelerated	KS2 had a positive impact on all	progress. Agreed interventions for pupils who		Termly Star Tests
Learning (AL) and	pupils by 3 months over an	fail to progress.		
English Lessons.	academic year. EEF also says	ian to progressi		Intervention Plans
Y7 AL: Accelerated Reader	that reading comprehension strategies have moderate impact for very low cost based on extensive evidence.	SISRA updated to allow more accurate tracking of pupil progress through subgrades.		Y9: AQA Entry Level English results
Y8 / 9 AL: Step- up in English AQA Entry Level Specification		Produce reports to show impact of AR each half term for PP with a laser focus on PP pupils below L4/<90.		
		Revise list and use alternative approaches for students who are not making sufficient accelerated progress from strategy.		

Improved literacy	English Study	Identified pupils at risk of not	Best teachers are allocated	CWO	After each Monitor and
results: Years 10 and	Plus – delivered	making expected progress	to Study Plus. Quality of		Full Reports. Year 10
11	by experienced	choose English Study Plus as	teaching monitored through		exams / Year 11
	teachers	an option at GCSE. Delivered	SLT drop-ins, appraisal		Mocks.
		by experienced teachers, the	observations and work		
		course aims to consolidate	scrutinies. Tracking data and		Work scrutiny/drop
		critical literacy skills throughout	regular assessments		in/pupil voice
		Years 10 and 11.	monitored rigorously through		
			school's QA systems.		
			Fortnightly feedback on the		
			PP cohort of study plus to		
			ensure they are making		
			progress from this extra		
			curricular time.		
	SOL in place that	Focus on key literacy skills.	As above		
	complements,				
	rather than	Maintain engagement by			
	repeats, the	students - clearly defined and			
	English SOL and	separate units of work focused			
	has a focus on	on promoting skills development			
	essential literacy	and maintaining interest levels.			
	skills				
	Small group	Identified pupils selected for	Review English bucket list	SHA / CWO	After each data
	withdrawal	additional GCSE intervention	and select PP pupils –	, 5,,,	collection (monitor and
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sess key s mas impa on m	pact for very low cost based moderate evidence. Lower	'English Bucket' list.  Review of mock exams to identify areas / AO's where PP pupils fail to perform.  Small group withdrawal to take place during year 11		
Form time literacy programme mass access endo	m this strategy than high aining pupils, by as much as or two months' progress.  tivities designed to ensure astery of the basics required to cess GCSE courses. EEF	Regular and detailed monitoring following attendance at specialist sessions  Pupil voice feedback to gauge engagement and progress  Review of mock papers to assess the success of 'read and retrieve' strategies	CWO / SHA	Termly

Improved literacy	Specialist English	Qualified English specialist –	Pupils identified for small	 Termly
results: All years	Teaching	assigned to all lower ability	group support to focus on PP	
	Assistant	English and English Study Plus	cohort. TA to have access to	
		classes. Also used for small	fortnightly feedback and	
		group withdrawal during form	focus on AO's which require	
		time. EEF states that such	further mastery.	
		support can have a positive benefit of between 3-5 months progress on average if TAs have been well-trained and supported. This is in place.	Regular assessment of AO's to take place to assess progress and impact of withdrawal. CWO to oversee reports and progress – fortnightly feedback available for SHA / KPO.  TA in addition to be utilised to deliver catch up sessions for work missed due to PP pupil absence. Progress with these pupils analysed and fed into fortnightly feedback.	

Desired outcome	Chosen action/ support	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review the implementation?
Improved numeracy results: Years 7-9	AQA Entry Level Mathematics specification to be followed. Autumn Term 2 Spring Term 2 Summer Term 2	Extra core skills class taken rather than a second Modern Foreign Language. Aims to ensure mastery of basics needed to access curriculum.	SBE to provide differentiated SMART lessons and materials to all teaching staff.  Use opf Method Maths to extend the more able in year 9.  Review of monitoring Maths data after each monitoring milestone.  Annual evaluation of impact.  Catch-up annual report	BWA / SBE / SPA	Termly  Y9: AQA Entry Level Mathematics Results
	Breakfast Club	Spring Term 1  Summer Term 1  Weekly numeracy session for identified pupils using Maths Watch software.	SBE to set up personalised individual Maths Watch tasks based on question level analysis from the Autumn Term assessments.  Register of regular attendance.	SBE / DEM	Updated weekly.  Termly reviews for Spring Term 1 and Summer Term 1

Improved numeracy results: Years 10 and 11	Maths Study Plus  – delivered by specialist teachers.	Identified pupils at risk of not making expected progress choose Maths Study Plus an option at GCSE. Delivered by an experienced teacher, the course aims to consolidate critical numeracy skills throughout Years 10 and 11.  AQA Entry Level Certification in Mathematics to be piloted with year 10 Study Plus pupils	Best teachers are allocated to Study Plus. Quality of teaching monitored through SLT drop-ins, appraisal observations and work scrutiny. Tracking data and regular assessments monitored rigorously through school's QA systems.	SWS / SBE	After each data collection exams (Yr 10 and Yr 11 mocks)  AQA Entry Level Mathematics Results
	Small group withdrawal delivered by subject specialist teachers / teaching assistant	Identified pupils selected for additional GCSE intervention based on findings from regular assessments (1:1 / small group support) during form time, lunchtimes and after school. These sessions focus on mastery of key skills. EEF states that mastery learning has moderate impact for very low cost based on moderate evidence. Lower attaining pupils may gain more from this strategy than high attaining pupils by as much as one or two months' progress.	Regular and detailed monitoring following attendance at specialist sessions.  Analysis of half term assessments and mock examinations to identify 5 key areas for improvement on a child-to-child basis.  Areas for improvement to be built into class starters and highlighted as key areas for TA support. Re-assess skills in follow-up assessments to ensure improvement in these areas and identify 5 more.  Establish a specific excel file on a question by question analysis solely for disadvantaged pupils and	SWS / ESW	Monitoring data on a termly basis.  Formal assessment records.

			use the results to inform revision topics at weekly revision sessions delivered by specialist staff.  Intervention attendance to be recorded and monitored on SIMS.  Revision folders to be established and updated by the teaching staff.		
Improved numeracy results: All years	Specialist Maths Teaching Assistant	Qualified maths specialist – assigned to all lower ability maths and Maths Study Plus classes. Also used for small group withdrawal during form time. EEF states that such support can have a positive benefit of between 3-5 months progress on average if TAs have been well-trained and supported this is in place.	Regular and detailed monitoring following attendance at specialist sessions  TAs to be trained in the consistent approaches used by the maths department.  Allow TAs to team teach so that joint planning will raise subject knowledge and embed teaching for understanding.  TAs to attend the start of department meetings where discussions around teaching consistently for identified topics are decided and agreed.	SWS	Half-termly

Establish a folder containing	
agreed teaching methods for	
identified topics. These will	
be uploaded at every	
department meeting.	

Desired outcome	Chosen action/ support	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review the implementation?
Improved attendance rates	Review attendance procedures with the aim of introducing medical cards, newly-worded letters, a revising of targets and thresholds to sessions rather than percentages.	Rationale – Measures aim to increase parental accountability and to ensure actions are carried out in a timely manner. Research has demonstrated that the shorter the distance between absence and action, the more impactful it is.	Policy to be reviewed and updated. Various communication routes to utilised to ensure all parents are aware of the changes introduced. Changes to be explained directly to pupils. Tracking systems to be updated to ensure accurate and reliable data.	BWA/JRA/RACs	Policy changes will be agreed through ISG. Changes will be included in Year Group PiPs. Governors will review the new policy. Impact will be monitored through dashboards, Governors' Attendance Reports and the Headteacher's Report.
	AIW procedures to be reviewed and refined to ensure all appropriate actions are taken to increase the attendance of persistently absent PP pupils.	We can't improve attainment for children if they aren't actually attending school. NFER briefing for school leaders identifies addressing attendance as a key step.	All staff / pupils / parents / carers are made aware of the casual link between attendance and achievement.  Attendance levels for all disadvantage pupils are prioritised, checked and acted upon. Systems are in place to make early identification of issue & need.  CPOMs Record	BWA/JRA/AIW	Weekly Attendance meetings held.  Termly governors' attendance reports.  AIW appraisal reviews  Dashboards – weekly, whole school and year group.

	Governors attendance panels	Rationale – To raise the importance of attendance. The main purpose of the exercise is have a 'challenging conversation' to ensure pupils understand the impact of regular absence.  Rationale – Unit created to better support pupils who have poor physical or emotional wellbeing or a disability.	Pupils identified on a termly basis using up-to-date attendance data.  AIW to closely monitor attendance following a panel meeting.  Inclusion tracker spreadsheet  Inclusion spaces spreadsheet.	JRA / BWA / AIW / LRH BWA / JRA / AWA (PSW)	Weekly Attendance meetings held.  Termly governors' attendance reports.  Termly governors' Inclusion report.  Termly governors Attendance report.
Ensure the curriculum is fit for purpose and addresses the needs of all students.	New curriculum model in place, embracing the EBacc and a breadth of high-value qualifications.	Rationale – fulfil NC requirements and accountability measures, balanced against the needs of students, especially those from disadvantaged backgrounds, ensuring they able to gain suitable qualifications and employability.	SLT lead engages in extensive research prior to producing a curriculum model which goe sthrough a process of peer review and consultation with all stakeholders, including staff, governors and students.	JRA & SLT	Annually

Desired outcome	Chosen action/ support	What is the evidence and rationale for this choice?	How will you ensure it is implemented well?	Staff lead	When will you review the implementation?
Raised aspirations that are well-informed and realistic, leading to further education and employment.	Careers Advice and guidance – support sessions regularly provided, including 1-2-1 interviews.	EEF has very limited evidence on evidence of impact. Critically, they state that first evidence suggests that most young people actually have high aspirations, implying that much underachievement results not from low aspiration itself but from a gap between the aspirations that do exist and the knowledge and skills required to achieve them. Therefore, it is important for schools to focus on raising attainment.  Ofsted 2013 Report on effective use of PP funding endorses strong careers, advice and guidance.	Careers advice and experiences are carefully mapped and recorded for all disadvantaged pupils.  Pupils also receive a wide range of preparation activities for future life, including work-related learning activities, careers fairs, post-16 information sessions and outside careers events. This ensures disadvantaged pupils can make informed decision about their courses and choices and be very well prepared for their future lives beyond 16.	JRA	Half-termly with Vic Ficorilli and School Careers Advisor, Shaheen Gul.  Termly report to SLT & Governors.
	SLT Mentoring – Identified pupils based on progress and attitude. Termly calendar of activities.	EEF – programmes that have a clear structure and expectations are associated with more successful outcomes. Works best when there are successful mentor pairings.	Regular liaison with mentors to measure impact of support.  Review of academic performance of students being mentored.	JRA	Termly monitoring reports.  Outcomes summer 2019.  Attendance Data.  CPOMs behaviour reports.

,	Inclusion / Alternative provision	Where students are at risk of permanent exclusion or are jeopardising the education of their peers, alternative arrangements will be made for their education, off-site.  Equally, alternative educational provision will be made for students whose health prevents them from attending the school.  Evidence from the DfE regarding the destinations of students post-16 clearly indicates that those accessing alternative provision are statistically most likely to be a future NEET.	JRA has established close working relationships with main providers of alternative provision:  • EdClass & EdLounge • Academy21 (Online Provider)  Regular monitoring visits are carried out in addition to requesting termly progress reports.	JRA	Termly monitoring (in line with school ARR schedule).  RACs to report on AP cohort within RAC Monitoring Report.  JRA to report to SLT on a termly basis.
6 ( 3 6	Enterprise activities: (Community Studies course, apprenticeship fairs, mock interviews)	The Gatsby Foundation's report, entitled 'Good Career Guidance' (2014) states that 'good careers guidance is important for social mobility' and provides extensive evidence that young people from disadvantaged backgrounds are most likely to benefit from enterprise-related activities that raise their aspirations, especially those from families where there are low aspirations and a lack of positive role models.	The PGHS Futures Programme will be advertised and communicated to all students and parents, with specific events being targeted at the disadvantaged cohort e.g. apprenticeship fairs and university tasters.  Alumni from disadvantaged backgrounds who have had academic and career success will be invited into school to speak to students.	JRA Vic Ficorilli (Careers Advisor)	Data regarding aspirations and future plans e.g. apprenticeship applications and college applications will be reviewed half-termly with the Careers Advisor, Vic Ficorilli.  Destinations data will be analysed for this cohort in September each year.

			Disadvantaged students will be targeted for additional support sessions offered by the local post-16 providers e.g. college application dropin and advice sessions.		
	Monitoring of attendance at Parents' evenings.  Attempts made to arrange alternative visits with absent parents.	EEF: Moderate impact for moderate cost. Based on moderate evidence. Parental involvement is consistently associated with pupils' success at school.	Attendance at Parents' Evenings and other events tracked and regularly reviewed by RACs and SLT Pastoral and Progress.  Data used as an indicator of likelihood of underachievement and used to inform the use of additional interventions.	JRA/BWA/ RACs	Termly review of provision.
Raised levels of parental support and increased exposure to positive role models.	Parents' Information Evenings  Parent Council	EEF: Moderate impact for moderate cost. Based on moderate evidence. Parental involvement is consistently associated with pupils' success at school.  Parent Council UK presented research in 2016 which stated that 'engaging hard to reach parents has a disproportionately positive effect on student learning and student achievement.'	Events will be calendared and advertised in a variety of formats.  Review the use of home visits for attendance and behaviour issues.  Parents of students in the disadvantaged cohort will be specifically targeted to ensure participation.	JRA & appropriate staff	Termly review of provision and engagement levels.  Attendance at Parents' Evening.  Parent questionnaires and surveys to ascertain suitability and quality of provision.

Desired	Chosen action/ support	What is the evidence and	How will you ensure it is	Staff lead	When will you review the
outcome		rationale for this choice?	implemented well?		implementation?
Increased	Increase opportunity and	The authors of the Effective	Monitor termly participation of	SHE / SIB /	Termly analysis using
participation	participation in school /	Pre-school, Primary and	PP pupils and target those	SHA	Evolve records.
in enrichment	curriculum related visits	Secondary Education (3-16)	currently with the lowest rates		
activities and	and trips for PP pupils.	project report (2014)	to ensure fairness and parity of	All Staff	Monitor and track
wider cultural		commissioned by the DfE,	opportunity.		involvement on Year Group
opportunities	Provide financial	concluded that 'the current			Dashboard.
in order to	assistance to individual	capacity of students' families	Insist all pupils participated in		
raise	pupils where there is	to support academic	trips are recorded on the		
aspirations	considerable hardship	'enrichment activities' had	Evolve system.		
that are well-	within the family to	significant effects on total			
informed and	improve rates of	GCSE scores and on social-	Raise awareness of staff to PP		
realistic,	participation.	behavioural outcomes.	pupils involved in trips.		
leading to		Enrichment activities such as			
further	Track and measure	independent reading or being	Form template for tracking PP		
education	participation rates over	taken on educational visits	involvement.		
and	time of Disadvantaged	outside the school predicted			
employment.	students in educational	better mental well-being and			
	visits and extra-curricular	'improvements' from KS3 to			
	activities, reporting termly	KS4 for self-regulation and			
	to SLT and PP	pro-social behaviour,			
	Coordinator.	reductions in hyperactivity			
		and anti-social behaviour,			
	Encourage greater	and higher academic			
	participation of	attainment and progress.			
	Disadvantaged students				
	in educational visits,	Tracking of Disadvantaged			
	through the use of agreed	pupils on Evolve system			
	School protocols	highlights low participation			
	regarding visits e.g.	rates for certain pupils. This			
	Advertising visits long	may be due to factors such			
	in advance wherever	as lack of engagement or			

	possible, allowing parents to spread the cost and pay in installments via ParentPay.  2. Ensuring that the parents of Disadvantaged students are made aware of educational visits, by making phone calls home or personalised mailings.	financial restrictions.			
Pupil	Transient Champion to	Internal historic results	SIMS intervention / CPOMs to	SLT /CWO/SIB	Attendance of transient PP
Premium	track and monitor the	suggest that the transient	track support.		cohort.
transients to	performance / attendance	cohort make less progress in			
perform in	of transient PP pupils.	comparison with their peers.	Edukey potals		SIMS / CPOMs intervention
line with other					records.
pupils at	Embed Edukey portals to		Transient dashboard		
PGHS.	ensure the tracking of				Progress data – termly
	transient pupils. Increase positive home and school		Actions part of CWO's		monitoring.
	communication to		appraisal targets		
	encourage a growth				
	mindset approach in both pupils and parents.				
	Ensure there is a review				
	with parents (either in				
	person or via phone) after				
	first half term and then termly thereafter.				
	tominy increalier.				
	Ensure accurate record				
	keeping of transient pupils				
	and ensure there is an				

open and honest transfer		
of information from a previous school so that		
we are fully aware of a		
students' needs		
(particularly regarding		
CP/safeguarding)		
Identify from department		
Identify from department		
exam reports the		
measures that worked		
with PP students and		
extend these to		
Transients.		
Continue to run the		
"closing the gap"		
programme in the		
Summer term, using		
options that students have		
not elected to follow at		
GCSE. Ensure that		
material is delivered from		
all core subjects.		

3. Review of	expenditure			
Previous Aca	demic Year			
i. Quality of	teaching for all			
Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? Include impact on pupils not eligible for PP, if appropriate.	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue with this approach)	Cost
ii. Targeted	support			
Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	Estimated impact: Did you meet the success criteria? Include impact on pupils not eligible for PP, if appropriate.	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue with this approach)	Cost
::: Other con				
iii. Other app		T=	Γ	T _
Desired outcome	Chosen action / approach	<b>Estimated impact:</b> Did you meet the success criteria? Include impact on pupils not eligible for PP, if appropriate.	Lessons learned (and whether you will continue with this approach)	Cost

4. Additional detail
In this section you can annex or refer to additional information which you have used to inform the statement above.